

Advances in Cervical Cancer Prevention

**PreTect®**

**HPV-Proofer`7**

*Finding clinically relevant answers!*

HPV infections are common

**BUT >90%** of all HPV  
infections are harmless<sup>1</sup>

**The challenge is to find  
the ones that are not...**

### Clinical benefits of using PreTect HPV-Proofer`7

- Risk stratification and direct genotyping
- E6/E7 mRNA expression from HPV 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58
- Identifies cervical precursors most likely to progress to invasive cancers
- Accurate patient management; Triaging HPV DNA positive women/Cytology
- Enhances identification of cervical adenocarcinoma
- Minimize unnecessary referral and over-treatment
- Suitable even in young women
- Covers the carcinogenic HPV's in the nine-valent vaccine



**PRETECT**

# PreTect<sup>®</sup> HPV-Proofer`7

## Background

Cervical cancer is caused by the continuous over-expression of the E6/E7 oncogenes from high-risk HPV viruses. <sup>2)</sup>

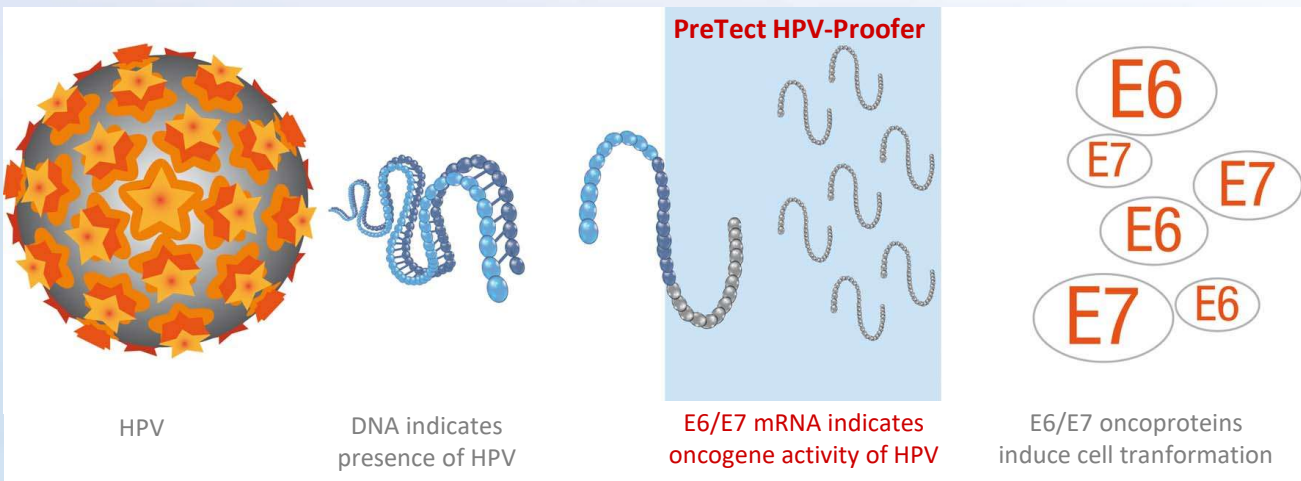
Almost 80% of women get infected with HPV during their lifetime. However, most infections are harmless and will clear spontaneously.

More than 100 HPV types are known but only a few are dominating severe pre-stages and cervical cancer.

Optimal screening strategy requires high specificity and more accurate patient management to minimize potential harm caused by unnecessary follow-up of false positives.

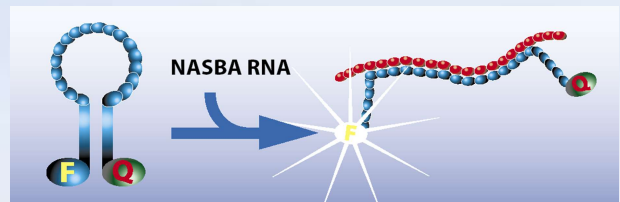
Test Information	
<b>Individual HPV genotyping</b>	E6/E7 mRNA HPV 16, 18, 31, 33, 45, 52 and 58
<b>Intrinsic Sample Control (ISC):</b>	Targeting mRNA from housekeeping gene
<b>Sample type:</b>	Cervical samples
<b>Preservatives:</b>	PreTect TM (PreTect AS); PreservCyt; SurePath
<b>Input-material:</b>	Isolated Nucleic Acid (DNA/RNA)*
<b>Technology:</b>	Real time NASBA Isothermal amplification (41°C) Eight specific molecular beacons
<b>Format:</b>	96-well PCR plate/strips Pre-filled with reagents
<b>Assay time:</b>	~ 150 minutes
<b>Instrumentation:</b>	Fluorescence reader / RT-PCR (CFX-96/QuantStudio5)

\* DNA/RNA isolation reagents not included.



## Key Facts

- Qualitative CE-IVD kit identifying the few women at highest risk of cervical disease
- Amplifies mRNA selectively; identifying carcinogenic activity, not viral presence
- HPV mRNA positives have elevated 10-years risk of CIN3+ <sup>3)</sup>
- HPV mRNA negatives have low 10-years risk of CIN3+ <sup>3)</sup>
- Unique risk stratification and genotyping



## References

- 1) Elfgrén et al (2000) *Am J Obstet Gynecol* **183**(3):561-567
- 2) Zur Hausen H (2002) *Nat Rev Cancer* **2**(5):342-350. Review
- 3) Norwegian data presented at XIII International Workshop on Lower Genital Tract Pathology (Rome, April 12-13 2018)

For further information please contact us!

## PreTect AS

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